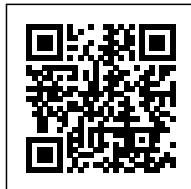


MALI


Posted on December 28, 2020 by Naeem Noor



Mali is a landlocked country in [Africa](#). The official name of Mali is the Republic of Mali. It shares borders with 7 countries: [Algeria](#), [Niger](#), [Burkina Faso](#), [Côte d'Ivoire](#), [Guinea](#), [Senegal](#), and [Mauritania](#). The people of Mali are called Malians. The country is situated in Interior Western Africa, southwest of Algeria, north of Guinea, Cote d'Ivoire, and Burkina Faso, west of Niger.

Etymology discusses where a term is considered to have originated from and how its meaning has changed over time. Etymology has been a factor in the naming of countries all across the world, and Mali has also been influenced. The etymology of Mali can be defined as; The word mali means "hippopotamus" in Malinké and Bamana.

An ethnicity is a group or sub-group of people who are connected based on common characteristics which may include religion, origin, language, traditions, or culture. The ethnic groups in Mali include Mande, Fula, Voltaic Senufo, and Bwa.

Compagnie Aérienne du Mali is the national airline of Mali. The national colors of the country are green, yellow, and red. The emoji flag of the country is , and the ISO code is MLI.

Mali is known for the famous city of Timbuktu - a UNESCO World Heritage site. The national dish of Mali is Firefinch. Green tea, in addition to being a traditional beverage, is one of the country's national drinks. The national instrument of Mali is Kora .

The country has the time zone UTC (GMT) followed by dd/mm/yyyy as the standard date format.

Mali is divided into 8 regions and 1 capital district. The capital of the country is Bamako, which is also the largest city in Mali.

The literacy rate in Mali is 33.1%.

The country's total area is 1,240,192 km² (478,841 sq mi), and the total population is 20,250,833. The country's average elevation is 343 m (1,125 ft), whereas the country's terrain can be defined as; Mostly flat to rolling northern plains covered by sand; savanna in the south, and rugged hills in the northeast. The country's usual climate is subtropical to arid; hot and dry (February to June); rainy, humid, and mild (June to November); cool and dry (November to February).

The West African CFA franc serves as the national unit of currency, and the Central Bank of West African States is recognized as the country's central bank. The domain for Mali is .ml and the country code is +223.

Museums are known to educate and connect visitors with the nation's history, culture, civilization, art, and architecture. The National Museum of Mali serves the same purpose and is considered one of the most significant tourist attractions. The National Museum of Mali is home to a large collection of artifacts. It has been designated as the national museum of the country.

The national dress of Mali is the Kaftan, and 22 September is designated as National Day. In Mali, the

majority of the population practices Islam as their religion.

Nature is a blessing from God and we must protect it because it provides us with the oxygen and food to survive. It also helps to keep our environment beautiful and clean. To emphasize the significance of nature, Mali has selected a few forces of nature as national symbols. Vulture is both the national bird and animal of Mali, whereas Mango is the country's national fruit. The highest peak is Hombori Tondo.

Mythical creatures can be found in the literature and mythologies of many different nations. They represent imaginative representations of various creatures, humans, or hybrids. They are known for their specific features, supernatural abilities, and distinctive appearance. The mythical creature of Mali is Jinn.

Sports have always played an important role in developing the social and cultural structure of Mali and other countries. When it comes to designating a sport as the official symbol, Football is considered the country's national sport.

Poetry is a highly valued form of art, and many poets are considered significant national symbols of the country. The national poet of Mali is Fily Dabo Sissoko.

Sundiata Keita is the founder of Mali. The country's national anthem was written by Seydou Badian Kouyate, and composed by Banzumana Sissoko.

The country's national hero is Daba Modibo Keita.

Numerous organizations are working on a global level to improve the current state of affairs and to collaborate in order to establish and maintain constructive partnerships. Mali is a member of the [African Union \(AU\)](#), [Organisation internationale de la Francophonie \(OIF\)](#), [Organisation of Islamic Cooperation \(OIC\)](#), and [United Nations \(UN\)](#). Mali collaborates with them to organize, analyze, and address various events and situations.

"Un peuple, un but, une foi - "One people, one goal, one faith" is the official motto of the country.

Choguel Kokalla Maïga is the current Prime minister of Mali, and Assimi Goïta (interim) is the President.

Mali has declared French as the country's official language.

- Further information regarding the symbols and knowledge of Mali can be found in the table of contents -

There are no comments yet.