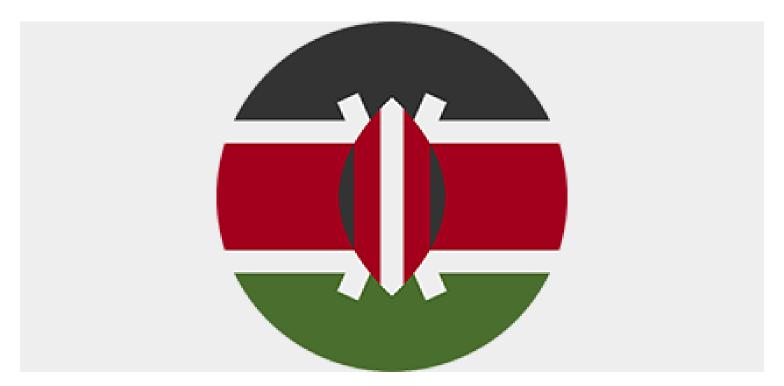
## **KENYA**

Posted on December 28, 2020 by Naeem Noor





Kenya is a country in <u>Africa</u>. The official name of Kenya is the Republic of Kenya. It shares borders with 5 countries: <u>Ethiopia</u>, <u>Somalia</u>, <u>South Sudan</u>, <u>Tanzania</u>, and <u>Uganda</u>. The people of Kenya are called Kenyans. The country is in Eastern Africa, bordering the Indian Ocean, between Somalia and Tanzania.

Etymology discusses where a term is considered to have originated from and how its meaning has changed over time. Etymology has been a factor in the naming of countries all across the world, and Kenya has also been influenced. The etymology of Kenya can be defined as; Probably from the Kikuyu Kere Nyaga (tribe) "White Mountain".

An ethnicity is a group or sub-group of people who are connected based on common characteristics which may include religion, origin, language, traditions, or culture. The ethnic groups in Kenya include Kikuyu, Luhya, Kalenjin, Luo, and Kamba.

Kenya Airways is the national airline of Kenya. The national colors of the country are black, red, green, and white. The emoji flag of the country is ????????, and the ISO code is KEN.

Kenya is known for being one of the best wildlife destinations, the national parks, and world-class mountain trekking. The national dish of Kenya is Ugali nyama choma na kachumbari. Chai, in addition to being a traditional beverage, is one of the country's national drinks. The national instrument of Kenya is Nyatiti.

The country has the time zone UTC+3 (EAT) followed by dd/mm/yyyy as the standard date format.

Kenya is divided into 47 counties. The capital of the country is Nairobi, which is also the largest city in Kenya.

The literacy rate in Kenya is 78.7%.

The country's total area is 580,367 km<sup>2</sup> (224,081 sq mi), and the total population is 53,771,296. The country's average elevation is 762 m (2,500 ft), whereas the country's terrain can be defined as; Low plains rising to central highlands bisected by Great Rift Valley; a fertile plateau in the west. The country's usual climate varies from tropical along the coast to arid in the interior.

The area of land next to a sea is called the coast, and a coastline is defined as the line where land and sea meet. Kenya has 536 km of coastline.

The Kenyan shilling serves as the national unit of currency, and the Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) is recognized as the country's central bank. The domain for Kenya is .ke and the country code is +254. Lion is the country's coat of arms.

Museums are known to educate and connect visitors with the nation's history, culture, civilization, art, and architecture. Nairobi National Museum serves the same purpose and is considered one of the most significant tourist attractions. Nairobi National Museum is home to a large collection of

artifacts. It has been designated as the national museum of the country.

Kenya doesn't have a national dress, Mostly because Kenya is home to more than 70 ethnic communities that include Masai, Kikuyu, Kamba, Luo, Luhya, Kalenjin, etc. 12 December is designated as National Day. In Kenya, the majority of the population practices Christianity Protestantism, and Catholicism as their religion.

Nature is a blessing from God and we must protect it because it provides us with the oxygen and food to survive. It also helps to keep our environment beautiful and clean. To emphasize the significance of nature, Kenya has selected a few forces of nature as national symbols. Kenya's national bird is the lilac-breasted roller, while its national animal is the Lion. The national flower is Orchid, whereas Mangois the country's national fruit. The highest peak is Mount Kenya.

Mythical creatures can be found in the literature and mythologies of many different nations. They represent imaginative representations of various creatures, humans, or hybrids. They are known for their specific features, supernatural abilities, and distinctive appearance. The mythical creature of Kenya is Nandi-bear.

Sports have always played an important role in developing the social and cultural structure of Kenya and other countries. When it comes to designating a sport as the official symbol, Football is considered the country's national sport.

Jomo Kenyatta is the founder of Kenya. The country's national anthem was written by Graham Hyslop, G. W. Senoga-Zake, Thomas Kalume, Peter Kibukosya, and Washington Omondi, and it was composed by the Anthem Commission.

Mausoleums are buildings dedicated to holding someone's remains. It serves as a reminder of the nation's revolutionary fighters who sacrificed their lives for the country. Mausoleums are one of the most significant historical landmarks. The national mausoleum of Kenya is Tom Mboya Mausoleum. The country's national hero is Dedan Kimathi.

Due to their unique qualities and rich cultural or historical backgrounds, national monuments around the world are of great importance. Uhuru Gardens is recognized as the national monument of the country. It attracts visitors from all around the world.

Numerous organizations are working on a global level to improve the current state of affairs and to collaborate in order to establish and maintain constructive partnerships. Kenya is a member of the <u>African Union (AU)</u>, <u>Commonwealth of Nations</u>, <u>East African Community (EAC)</u>, and <u>United Nations (UN)</u>. Kenya collaborates with them to organize, analyze, and address various events and situations.

The tourism slogan of the country is "Magical Kenya" whereas, "Harambee - "All pull together" is the official motto of the country.

Uhuru Kenyatta is the current President of Kenya.

Kenya has declared Swahili as the country's official language.

- Further information regarding the symbols and knowledge of Kenya can be found in the table of contents -

## There are no comments yet.