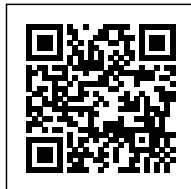


JAMAICA

Posted on December 28, 2020 by Naeem Noor



Jamaica is a country in [North America](#). The people of Jamaica are called Jamaicans. The country is situated in the Caribbean, an island in the Caribbean Sea, south of Cuba.

Etymology discusses where a term is considered to have originated from and how its meaning has changed over time. Etymology has been a factor in the naming of countries all across the world, and Jamaica has also been influenced. The etymology of Jamaica can be defined as; "Land of wood and water" or "Land of springs".

An ethnicity is a group or sub-group of people who are connected based on common characteristics which may include religion, origin, language, traditions, or culture. The ethnic group in Jamaica is Afro-Jamaicans.

Caribbean Airlines is the national airline of Jamaica. The national colors of the country are green, gold, and black. The emoji flag of the country is ????????, and the ISO code is JAM.

Jamaica is known for the famous singer, musician, and songwriter Bob Marley, Jamaican rum, and majestic waterfalls. The national dish of Jamaica is Ackee and saltfish. Rum, in addition to being a traditional beverage, is one of the country's national drinks. The national instrument of Jamaica is Abeng.

The country has the time zone UTC-5 followed by dd/mm/yyyy as the standard date format.

Jamaica is divided into 14 parishes. The capital of the country is Kingston, which is also the largest city in Jamaica.

The literacy rate in Jamaica is 88.1%.

The country's total area is 10,991 km² (4,244 sq mi), and the total population is 2,961,167. The country's average elevation is 340 m (1,115 ft), whereas the country's terrain can be defined as; Mostly mountains, with narrow, discontinuous coastal plains. The country's usual climate is tropical; hot, humid; temperate interior.

The area of land next to a sea is called the coast, and a coastline is defined as the line where land and sea meet. Jamaica has 1,022 km of coastline.

The Jamaican dollar serves as the national unit of currency, and the Bank of Jamaica is recognized as the country's central bank. The domain for Jamaica is .jm and the country code is +876. Argent and Gules is the country's coat of arms.

Museums are known to educate and connect visitors with the nation's history, culture, civilization, art, and architecture. National Museum Jamaica serves the same purpose and is considered one of the most significant tourist attractions. National Museum Jamaica is home to a large collection of artifacts. It has been designated as the national museum of the country.

The national dress of Jamaica is the Quadrille dress, and 6 August is designated as National Day. In

Jamaica, the majority of the population practices Christianity and Protestantism as their religion.

Nature is a blessing from God and we must protect it because it provides us with the oxygen and food to survive. It also helps to keep our environment beautiful and clean. To emphasize the significance of nature, Jamaica has selected a few forces of nature as national symbols. Jamaica's national bird is the Red-billed streamertail, while its national animal is the Red-billed streamertail. The national flower is Lignum Vitae, whereas Ackee is the country's national fruit. The national tree of Jamaica is the Blue Mahoe, and the highest peak is Blue Mountain Peak.

Mythical creatures can be found in the literature and mythologies of many different nations. They represent imaginative representations of various creatures, humans, or hybrids. They are known for their specific features, supernatural abilities, and distinctive appearance. The mythical creature of Jamaica is Rolling-Calf.

Sports have always played an important role in developing the social and cultural structure of Jamaica and other countries. When it comes to designating a sport as the official symbol, is considered the country's national sport.

Poetry is a highly valued form of art, and many poets are considered significant national symbols of the country. The national poet of Jamaica is Claude McKay.

Norman Washington Manley is the founder of Jamaica. The country's national anthem was written by Hugh Sherlock, and composed by Robert Lightbourne.

Mausoleums are buildings dedicated to holding someone's remains. It serves as a reminder of the nation's revolutionary fighters who sacrificed their lives for the country. Mausoleums are one of the most significant historical landmarks. The national mausoleum of Jamaica is National Heroes Park. The country's national hero is Paul Bogle.

Due to their unique qualities and rich cultural or historical backgrounds, national monuments around the world are of great importance. The National Heroes Circle is recognized as the national monument of the country. It attracts visitors from all around the world.

Numerous organizations are working on a global level to improve the current state of affairs and to collaborate in order to establish and maintain constructive partnerships. Jamaica is a member of the [Caribbean Community \(CARICOM or CC\)](#), [Commonwealth of Nations](#), [Organization of American States \(OAS\)](#), and [United Nations \(UN\)](#). Jamaica collaborates with them to organize, analyze, and address various events and situations.

The tourism slogan of the country is "Heartbeat of the World" whereas, "Out of many, One People" is the official motto of the country.

Andrew Holness is the current Prime minister of Jamaica.

Jamaica has declared English as the country's official language.

- Further information regarding the symbols and knowledge of Jamaica can be found in the table of contents -

There are no comments yet.