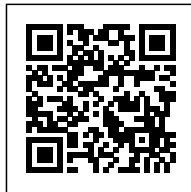


HONG KONG

Posted on June 25, 2021 by Naeem Noor



Hong Kong is a country in [Asia](#). The official name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China (HKSAR). The people of Hong Kong are called Hong Kongers. The country is in Eastern Asia, bordering the South China Sea and China.

Etymology discusses where a term is considered to have originated from and how its meaning has changed over time. Etymology has been a factor in the naming of countries all across the world, and Hong Kong has also been influenced. The etymology of Hong Kong can be defined as; "Fragrant Harbour".

An ethnicity is a group or sub-group of people who are connected based on common characteristics which may include religion, origin, language, traditions, or culture. The ethnic groups in Hong Kong include Han Chinese, Filipino, Indonesian, White, Indian, and Nepalese.

Cathay Pacific Airways is the national airline of Hong Kong. The national colors of the country are red and white. The emoji flag of the country is ????????, and the ISO code is HKG.

Hong Kong is known for international trade and investment. The national dish of Hong Kong is Roast Goose. Red Bean Ice, in addition to being a traditional beverage, is one of the country's national drinks.

The country has the time zone UTC+08:00 (HKT) followed by dd-mm-yyyy as the standard date format.

Hong Kong is divided into 18 districts. Kwun Tong is Hong Kong's largest city, while Hong Kong serves as the capital.

The literacy rate in Hong Kong is 93%.

The country's total area is 1,110.18 km² (428.64 sq mi), and the total population is 7,496,981. The country's average elevation is 32m, whereas the country's terrain can be defined as; Hilly to mountainous with steep slopes; lowlands in the north. The country's usual climate is subtropical monsoon; cool and humid in winter, hot and rainy from spring through summer, and warm and sunny in fall.

The area of land next to a sea is called the coast, and a coastline is defined as the line where land and sea meet. Hong Kong has 456 km of coastline.

The Hong Kong dollar serves as the national unit of currency, and Hong Kong Monetary Authority is recognized as the country's central bank. The domain for Hong Kong is .hk and the country code is +852. Lion is the country's coat of arms.

Museums are known to educate and connect visitors with the nation's history, culture, civilization, art, and architecture. The Hong Kong Museum of History serves the same purpose and is considered one of the most significant tourist attractions. The Hong Kong Museum of History is home to a large

collection of artifacts. It has been designated as the national museum of the country.

The national dress of Hong Kong is the Qipao dress, and 11 March is designated as National Day. In Hong Kong, the majority of the population practices Chinese Folk Religions, Buddhism, Taoism, and Christianity as their religion.

Nature is a blessing from God and we must protect it because it provides us with the oxygen and food to survive. It also helps to keep our environment beautiful and clean. To emphasize the significance of nature, Hong Kong has selected a few forces of nature as national symbols. Hong Kong's national animal is the Giant Panda. The national tree of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong orchid tree, and the highest peak is Tai Mo Shan.

Mythical creatures can be found in the literature and mythologies of many different nations. They represent imaginative representations of various creatures, humans, or hybrids. They are known for their specific features, supernatural abilities, and distinctive appearance. The mythical creature of Hong Kong is Dragon.

Sports have always played an important role in developing the social and cultural structure of Hong Kong and other countries. When it comes to designating a sport as the official symbol, Football is considered the country's national sport.

The country's national anthem was written by Thomas d'Alva Mendelsohn, and composed by Thomas d'Alva Mendelsohn.

Mausoleums are buildings dedicated to holding someone's remains. It serves as a reminder of the nation's revolutionary fighters who sacrificed their lives for the country. Mausoleums are one of the most significant historical landmarks. The national mausoleum of Hong Kong is Hong Kong Cemetery. The country's national hero is Wen Tianxiang.

Due to their unique qualities and rich cultural or historical backgrounds, national monuments around the world are of great importance. Tian Tan Buddha (Big Buddha) is recognized as the national monument of the country. It attracts visitors from all around the world.

The tourism slogan of the country is "Best of it all, it's in Hong Kong".

Hong Kong has declared Chinese as the country's official language.

- Further information regarding the symbols and knowledge of Hong Kong can be found in the table of contents -

