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Honduras is a country in <u>North America</u>. The official name of Honduras is the Republic of Honduras. It shares borders with 3 countries: <u>Guatemala</u>, <u>Nicaragua</u>, and <u>El Salvador</u>. The people of Honduras are called Hondurans. The country is situated in Central America, bordering the Caribbean Sea, between Guatemala and Nicaragua, and bordering the Gulf of Fonseca (North Pacific Ocean), between El Salvador and Nicaragua.

Etymology discusses where a term is considered to have originated from and how its meaning has changed over time. Etymology has been a factor in the naming of countries all across the world, and Honduras has also been influenced. The etymology of Honduras can be defined as; Christopher Columbus named the country "Honduras", Spanish for "depths", referring to the deep waters off the northern coast.

An ethnicity is a group or sub-group of people who are connected based on common characteristics which may include religion, origin, language, traditions, or culture. The ethnic groups in Honduras include Mestizo (mixed Amerindian and White) Amerindian, and Afro-Honduran.

Servicio Aéreo de Honduras is the national airline of Honduras. The national colors of the country are blue and white. The emoji flag of the country is ???????, and the ISO code is HND.

Honduras is known for its Mayan ruins. The national dish of Honduras is Plato típico. Pinol, in addition to being a traditional beverage, is one of the country's national drinks. The national instrument of Honduras is Marimba.

The country has the time zone UTC-6 (CST) followed by dd/mm/yyyy as the standard date format.

Honduras is divided into 18 departments. The capital of the country is Tegucigalpa, which is also the largest city in Honduras.

The literacy rate in Honduras is 89.0%.

The country's total area is 112,492 km² (43,433 sq mi), and the total population is 9,904,607. The country's average elevation is 684 m (2,244 ft), whereas the country's terrain can be defined as; Mostly mountains in the interior, and narrow coastal plains. The country's usual climate is subtropical in the lowlands and temperate in mountains.

The area of land next to a sea is called the coast, and a coastline is defined as the line where land and sea meet. Honduras has 832 km of coastline.

The Honduran lempira serves as the national unit of currency, and the Central Bank of Honduras is recognized as the country's central bank. The domain for Honduras is .hn and the country code is +504. Scarlet macaw; white-tailed deer is the country's coat of arms.

Museums are known to educate and connect visitors with the nation's history, culture, civilization, art, and architecture. The Museo Para La Identidad Nacional serves the same purpose and is

considered one of the most significant tourist attractions. The Museo Para La Identidad Nacional is home to a large collection of artifacts. It has been designated as the national museum of the country.

The national dress of Honduras is the Guayaberas, and 15 September is designated as National Day. In Honduras, the majority of the population practices Christianity Catholicism, and Protestantism as their religion.

Nature is a blessing from God and we must protect it because it provides us with the oxygen and food to survive. It also helps to keep our environment beautiful and clean. To emphasize the significance of nature, Honduras has selected a few forces of nature as national symbols. Honduras's national bird is the Scarlet macaw, while its national animal is the White-Tail Deer. The national flower is Orchid. The national tree of Honduras is the Pinus oocarpa, and the highest peak is Cerro Las Minas.

Mythical creatures can be found in the literature and mythologies of many different nations. They represent imaginative representations of various creatures, humans, or hybrids. They are known for their specific features, supernatural abilities, and distinctive appearance. The mythical creature of Honduras is El Picudo.

Sports have always played an important role in developing the social and cultural structure of Honduras and other countries. When it comes to designating a sport as the official symbol, Football is considered the country's national sport.

Jose Cecilio del Valle is the founder of Honduras. The country's national anthem was written by Augusto Constancio Coello, and composed by Carlos Hartling.

Mausoleums are buildings dedicated to holding someone's remains. It serves as a reminder of the nation's revolutionary fighters who sacrificed their lives for the country. Mausoleums are one of the most significant historical landmarks. The national mausoleum of Honduras is Sathe n Cristóbal fortress. The country's national hero is Lempira.

Due to their unique qualities and rich cultural or historical backgrounds, national monuments around the world are of great importance. Fortaleza de San Fernando of Omoa is recognized as the national monument of the country. It attracts visitors from all around the world.

Numerous organizations are working on a global level to improve the current state of affairs and to collaborate in order to establish and maintain constructive partnerships. Honduras is a member of the <u>Central American Integration System (SICA)</u>, <u>Organization of American States (OAS)</u>, and <u>United Nations (UN)</u>. Honduras collaborates with them to organize, analyze, and address various events and situations.

The tourism slogan of the country is "Everything is Here" whereas, "Libre, Soberana E Independiente - "Free, sovereign and independent" is the official motto of the country.

Xiomara Castro is the current President of Honduras.

Honduras has declared Spanish as the country's official language.

- Further information regarding the symbols and knowledge of Honduras can be found in the table of contents -

There are no comments yet.